Risk Communication in a Climate Change Context:

Merging Risk Reduction with Climate Change Adaptation



Some observations and lessons learned

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The biggest challenge

2 fundamental concepts: Climate change

and

Risk Reduction

There are issues with both and we're trying to put them together

The Climate Change Issue

Some people are Climate Change deniers or don't 'believe' in it.

Climate change denial is a conflict between facts and values. People deny the climate crisis because, to them, it just feels wrong, as opposed to understanding data and research.

Personality is a factor: people are more likely to deny climate change if they're inclined toward hierarchy and against changes to the status quo.

Demographic factors also have an effect. Internationally, people who are less educated, older and more religious tend to discount climate change, with sex and income having a smaller effect



The Risk Reduction Issue

Some people feel that because they pay taxes, the authorities should do something about disasters- mostly through reaction or less so, by prevention.

(They want to see helicopters!)

Many people feel that disasters are inevitable (Act of God) "It won't happen to me"
One in a hundred year event

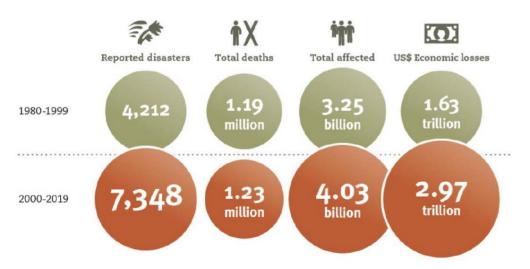


But they are connected

Hazards and climate change do not affect everyone equally – and never have.

Climate and disaster risks do not exist in a vacuum –they exacerbate existing vulnerabilities and other risks and can be exacerbated by other things.

Disaster Impacts: 1980-1999 vs. 2000-2019



(lack of policies, poor land management, ageing infrastructure etc)

"The Community"

- It is important to understand one's audience. Rural communities will not have the same concerns as urban inhabitants. Politicians are just different!
- Levels of education and demographics need to be known
- Gauge the level of knowledge or receptiveness about Climate Change and DRR

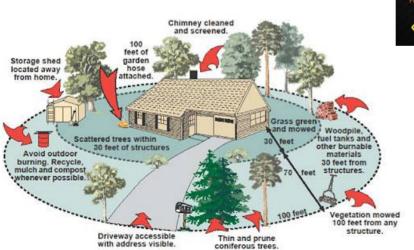


So what could the overarching message be?



- Not everyone knows they can reduce their risk, so they do nothing.
- You don't know what you don't know
- Communication and education is key
- Provide people with solutions and tools to reduce risk









Make an Emergency Plan

STRUCTURAL SAFETY





FOOD AND WATER





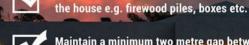


Prune lower branches to stop a fire on the ground spreading to the canopy of the trees.

Keep your gutters free of leaves and other combustible







Maintain a minimum two metre gap between your house and tree branches.

Ensure that flammable items are well away from





